CONTINUITY SHEET FOR REEL #9

"ELEMENTS OF THE AUTOMOBILE" V

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Part 9

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The Bray Pictures Corporation presents "ELEMENTS OF THE AUTOMOBILE" by

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Produced for
The Education
And Recreaction Branch
General Staff
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of the
Motor Transport Division
quartermssters Corps
United States Army.

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Ignition (Continued)

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From the foregoing, it is evident that the chief elements in the battery ignition system are:

(1) The battery,or source of low voltage current.

Sc 1

Fade in battery alone.

Sub

(2) The spark pluge, which require high voltage current to produce the spark.

Sc 2

Open with battery. Four spark plugs dissolve in.

Sub

(3) The ignition coil, which receives low voltage current from the battery.

Se 3

Coil and low lension wire dissolve in with cur-

Sub

-- and changes it to high voltage current that can jump across a gap.

Se 4

High tension loop dissolves in. Pointer indicates gap. Pointer opens and closes switch several times.

Sab

(4) The breaker, which mechanically breaks the primary circuit and causes the coil to change the low voltage current to high voltage.

0 5

Breaker mechanism dissolves in. Fointer indicates

it. Action of cam and current jumping across gap. This action is repeated several times.

Sub (5) The distributor --Distributor dissolves in. Action of rotar arm (no Se 6 current) Sub -- Which receives the high voltage from the 0011--Lead wire dissolves in from coil to arm. Pointer Se 7 indicates it. Sub -- and distributes it to each of the pluge in turn. Pointer indicates first contact point, then plug of each. Wires dissolve in one at a time. Complete ac-Se 8 tion of breaker and sparks and distributor. Fade out. Notice that every time the breaker interrupts the primary circuit, the brush makes connection with Sub one of the pluge. Se 9 Close up of breaker and distributor. Rotar arm makes a contact. Pause. Pointer indicates position, then points to open breaker-arm. Rotar moves to next contact point, Fointer indicates again, Action is repeated several times. Then continuous action. (No current). Sun It is evident that the breaker-cam and the brush must revolve at the same speed. Close up of breaker and distributor. Action of both. 30 10 (No current). Sub They are usually combined ---Close up of breaker and distributor. Distributor Se 11 moves over and combines with breaker. -- and operated from a vertical shalt. Sub Close up of combined distributor and breaker. Dis-Se 12 solve to vertical position. Action of parts. (No current). The vertical shaft may be driven by the camshaft. Sub which rotates at the proper speed. Four-cylinder endine. External view. Breaker box dissolves in. Dissolve to section of cylinders exposing piston, camshaft, b vel coars and retar arm. ointer indicates rotar arm and camshaft. Action Sc 13 of parts (no Current.)

As the vertical shaft revolves, it causes the break-Sub er to break the primary current. Outside view of breaker box with low tension wires.
Portion of box breaks away expesing mechanism. Action with current. Pause. Dissolve to outside view. Ac-80 14 tion with current. The po-zful current which is created by the action Sub of the breaker is delivered to the brush. Outside view of breaker box with low tension wires, and high tension lead. Action of current. Pause. Dissolve to phantom view. Action of parts with current. Se 15 The revolving brish distributes the powerful current Sub to the spark plugs. Wires to plugs dissolve in. Complete action of parts and current. Pause. Dissolve from phantom view to outside view. Flash to four-cylinder engine. Cylinders in section; breaker box in phantom; wires to plugs. Action of Sc 16 parts with current. End of Part 9 Sub

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